



# USING CLASS DATA TO DECODE A MESSAGE

Subject: Mathematics | Current: 2009 | Grade: 9-12

Day: 3 of 3

**1 Purpose** ----- To use class data to decode a message.

**2 Duration of Lesson** ----- Approximately one 55 minute period.

**3 Additional Topics** ----- None.

**4 Objectives** ----- At the conclusions of this lesson students will be able to use class data to decode a message.

**5 Standards & Benchmarks** ----- The text of this item goes hereTo consecte eugue minim niam dit lutpat, sequam, core corpero exero eum

## MATHEMATICS

### PROBABILITY & STATISTICS

Create, compare, and evaluate different graphic displays of the same data, using histograms, frequency polygons, cumulative distribution functions, pie charts, scatter plots, stem-and-leaf plots, and box-and-whisker plots. Draw these by hand or use a computer spreadsheet programs.

**PS.1.1**

### INTEGRATED MATHEMATICS I

Students find measures of the center and variability of a set of data, as well as construct and analyze data displays and plot least square regression lines.

**IM1.4**



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Construct a frequency table for a set of data.

**IM1.4.10**

## **BUSINESS MATH**

Construct and interpret frequency distribution.

**BMTH.1.3.3**

## **BUSINESS, MARKETING, & INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

### **INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

Students demonstrate knowledge of communication standards for networks.

**IT.13.7**

Demonstrate knowledge of various encoding and framing methods (e.g., Manchester, B8Z8)

**IT.13.7.3**

Students demonstrate knowledge of data-encoding basics.

**IT.13.8**

**6 Vocabulary** ----- None.

**7 Materials** ----- Questions answered in previous class lesson, computers.

**8 Additional Resources** ----- None.



## 9 Procedures & Methods

### A. Introduction

Teacher will lead discussion of questions and answers from previous lesson. A list and the percentages the most common consonants and vowels should be listed where all students can view them. The question that needs to be addressed in this discussion is: How would this information help us in decoding a message that uses only letters in the code?

### B. Development

Distribute the computers to students; working with a partner is ideal:

Students should access: <http://scottbryce.com/cryptograms/>

This site provides information about cryptograms, frequently used letters, words, and other data about frequency. Have students read the information provided and select a cryptogram to decode.

### C. Practice

Students need to copy their coded message so they can complete the decoding as their homework assignment if they aren't able to complete it in class.

### D. Independent Practice

Students will write a one page paper on their decoding process, identify how the frequency information aided in their decoding, and support their statements with information from their class data.

### E. Accommodations (Differentiated Instruction)

Struggling students may need to have some hints to help them get started. Seeing groups of letters that are meaningless may be confusing.

### F. Checking For Understanding

Monitor students' progress by roving throughout the classroom during the exercise.



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## 10 Evaluation

----- A completed, correctly de-coded message; completed 1-page paper.

## 11 Teacher Reflection

----- To be completed by the teacher after the lesson.

## 12 Resources & Media

Computers

----- Questions answered in previous class lesson

<http://scottbryce.com/cryptograms/>